

Guards

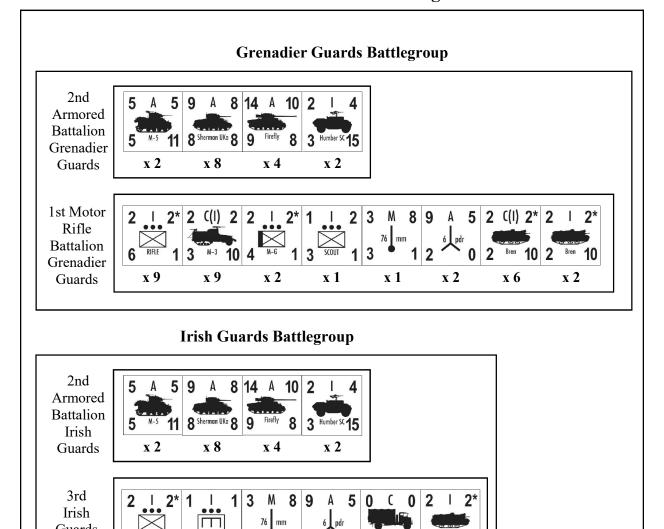
Infantry

Battalion

x 9

## British Guards Armoured Division September, 1944

## 5th Guards Armoured Brigade



3

x 1

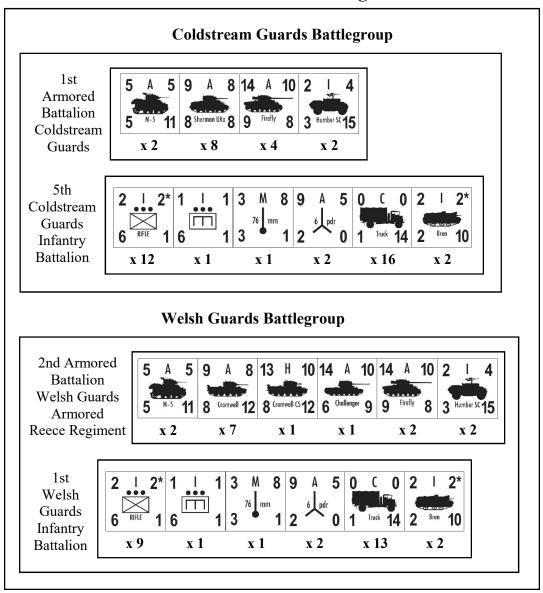
x 2

x 13

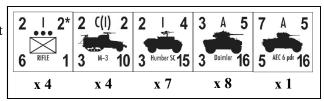
x 2

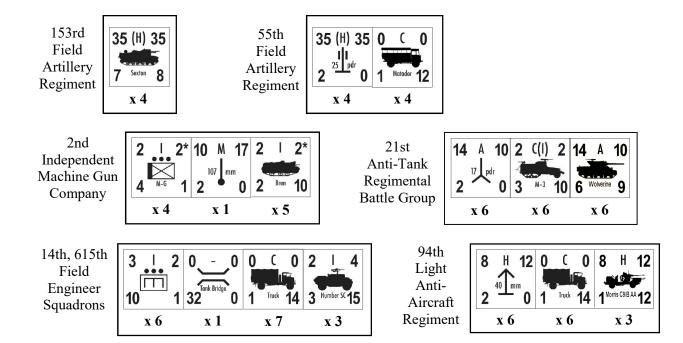
x 1

## 32nd Guards Armoured Brigade



2nd Household Cavalry Regiment Divisional Armored Car Regiment





The Guards Armoured Division was created in June of 1941 from some of the most prestigious regiments in British Army history. The new division spent 3 years training and was not deployed overseas until it landed in Normandy on June 13, 1944. The Guards quickly achieved veteran status as they were heavily involved in the fighting in Normandy and beyond. At Market Garden, the division was chosen to lead the ground advance as part of XXX Corps, with their Grenadier Guards as the tip of the spear.

The division was officially organized as a brigade of 3 tank battalions and an armored infantry battalion and an infantry brigade of 3 motorized battalions. The Guards, however, preferred an organization of 4 battlegroups, each consisting of a tank battalion and an infantry battalion, with the Armored Reece regiment serving as the 4th tank battalion.

The first step of the plan was to advance 14 miles to Eindhoven by the end of the first day but, despite massive air and artillery support, a late afternoon start left the division 7 miles short when it halted at nightfall at Valkenswaard. On day 2, the division made contact at Eindhoven with the 101st Airborne but was only able to advance another 5 miles that day as the bridge south of Son across the Wilhelmina Canal had been blown by the Germans and the alternate bridge at Best was still held by the Germans. British and Canadian engineers (assisted by German POW's) working through the night erected a Bailey bridge over the canal, ready for crossing at daybreak. On Day 3, the Guards made much better progress, advancing swiftly across a series of bridges taken and held by the Americans, and were able to push their leading elements into the outskirts of Nijmegen by the end of the day, covering more than 30 miles.

On Day 4, they assisted the 82nd Airborne in securing the southern end of Nijmegen and provided fire support for the heroic and successful river assault by paratroopers of the 504th Regiment, which secured both the railroad bridge and the main road bridge. The Guards were unable to advance any further that day, however, as they badly needed resupply and more infantry support and their division was widely scattered across several locations. On Day 5 the Guards found that advancing on the exposed road flanked by marshy ground was too costly after losing a number of tanks to German antitank fire and yielded the advance to the Tommies of the 43rd Infantry Division.